## BYLAWS

## EXHIBIT "E"

# By-Laws of Waterscape Homeowners Association, Inc. 

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## By-Laws

OF

## Waterscape Homeowners Association, Inc.

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# By-Laws <br> OF <br> Waterscape Homeowners Association, inc. <br> Article 1 <br> Name, Principal Office, and Definitions 

1.1. Name.

The name of the corporation is Waterscape Homeowners Association, Inc. (the "Association").

### 1.2. Principal Office.

The Association may have such offices in the Dallas-Fort Worth. Texas metropolitan area as the Board may determine or as the Association's affairs may require.

### 1.3. Definitions.

The words used in these By-Laws shall be given their normal, commonly understood definitions. Capitalized terms shall have the meaning ascribed to them in the Community Charter for Waterscape recorded by Parker Creek Estates, L.P., a Texas limited partnership (the "Founder"), in the Office of the County Clerk of Rockwall County, Texas, as it may be amended (the "Charter"). The term "majority," as used in these By-Laws, means those votes, Members, or other group, as the context may indicate, totaling more than $50 \%$ of the total eligible number.

## Article 2 <br> Membership: Meetings, Quorum, Voting, Proxies

### 2.1. Membership.

The Association shall have two classes of membership: Owner Membership and Founder Membership, as more fully described in the Charter. Each Owner of a Unit automatically becomes a Member of the Association upon accepting title to a Unit. Additional provisions of the Charter pertaining to membership are incorporated by this reference.

### 2.2. Place of Meetings.

The Association shall hold meetings at the Association's principal office or at such other suitable place the Board may designate.

### 2.3. Membership Meetings.

(a) General. Association meetings shall be of the Voting Delegates unless the Board otherwise specifies or Texas law otherwise requires; however, any Member may attend an Association meeting. The first Association meeting, whether an annual or special meeting, shall be held within one year after the conveyance of the first Unit to a Member other than the Founder or a Founder Affiliate.
(b) Annual Meetings. The Board shall schedule regular annual meetings of the Members to occur within 90 days before the close of the Association's fiscal year, on such date and at such time and place as the Board shall determine.
(c) Special Meetings. The President may call special meetings of the Members. In addition, the President or the Secretary shall call a special meeting if so directed by Board resolution or within 30 days after receipt of a petition stating the purpose of the meeting and signed by either $10 \%$ of the Voting Delegates or by Members holding at least $10 \%$ of the total votes in the Association.

### 2.4. Notice of Meetings.

(a) At least 10 but not more than 60 days before any meeting of the membership, the President, the Secretary, or the officers or other persons calling the meeting shall deliver or cause to be delivered to each Voting Delegate and alternate Voting Delegate a written notice stating the place, day, and hour of the meeting and the items on the agenda for such meeting, including the general nature of any proposed amendment to the Charter or By-Laws, any proposed budget changes, any proposal to remove a director, and any other matter required by Tex. Business Organizations Code $\$ \$ 22.253$ and 22.303 . If proxies are permitted, the notice shall also state the procedures for appointing proxies. If the meeting is to be held solely by electronic communications or if participation in the meeting is permitted by electronic communications, as described in Section 2.5 below, the notice shall state the form of communications system to be used for the meeting and the means of accessing the communications system. No business shall be transacted at a special meeting except as stated in the notice. Such notice shall be delivered by such means as permitted under Section 10.5 .
(b) The Board shall set a record date for determining who is entitled to receive notice of a meeting, which shall not be earlier than the $60^{\text {di }}$ day before the meeting date, and shall prepare an alphabetical list of the names of all Persons entitled to vote, indicating (i) the address of each Person, and (ii) the number of votes each Person is entitled to cast at the meeting. Not later than the second business day after the date notice of the meeting is given, and continuing through the meeting, the list shall be made available at the Association's principal office or at a reasonable place in the municipality in which the meeting will be held, as identified in the notice of the meeting, for inspection and copying by Members and/or Voting Delegates entitled to vote at the meeting, or their agents, for the purpose of communication with other Members and/or Voting Delegates concerning the meeting. The Association shall also make the list available at the meeting for inspection at any time during the meeting or any adjournment of the meeting.

### 2.5. Electronic Participation in Meetings.

The Association may hold Association meetings and/or allow Voting Delegates or Members to participate in any Association meeting by conference telephone or similar communications equipment or another suitable electronic communications system, including videoconferencing technology or the Internet, if each person entitled to participate in the meeting consents to the meeting being held by means of that system and the system permits each person participating in the meeting to communicate concurrently with all other persons participating in the meeting. If voting is to take place at the meeting, the Association must implement measures to verify that every Voting Delegate voting at the meeting by means of remore communication is sufficiently identified.

### 2.6. Waiver of Notice.

Waiver of notice of an Association meeting shall be deemed the equivalent of proper notice. Any Voting Delegate or alternate may waive, in writing, notice of any Association meeting, either before or after such meeting. A Voting Delegate or alternate's attendance at a meeting shall be deemed a waiver by such Voting Delegate and alternate of notice of the time, date, and place thereof, unless the Voting Delegate or alternate specifically objects to lack of proper norice at the time the meeting is calied to order. Attendance at a special meeting also shall be deemed a waiver of notice of all business transacted at such meeting unless an objection on the basis of lack of proper notice is raised before the business is put to a vote.

### 2.7. Adjournment of Meetings.

If any Association meeting cannot be held because a quorum is not present, persons entitled to cast a majority of the votes represented at such meeting may adjourn the meeting to a time at least 5 but not more than 30 days from the scheduled date of the original meeting. At the reconvened meeting, if a quorum is present, any business may be transacted which might have been transacted at the meeting originally called. If those in attendance at the original meeting do not fix a time and place for reconvening the meeting, or if for any reason a new date is fixed for reconvening the meeting aftet adjournment, the Board shall provide notice of the time and place for reconvening the meeting in the manner prescribed for regular meetings,

Voting Delegates or their alternates present at a duly called or held meeting at which a quorum is present may continue to do business until adjournment, notwithstanding the departure of enough Voting Delegates to leave less than a quorum; however, at least a majority of the votes required to constitute a quorum, or such larger percentage as may be required under the Charter or applicable law for specific actions, must approve any action taken.

### 2.8. Voting.

(a) Voting Rights. Members shall have such voting rights as are set forth in the Charter, which provisions are specifically incorporated by this reference. Until such time as the Board first calls for election of a Voting Delegate for any Neighborhood, the Owners within such Neighborhood shall be entitled personally to cast the votes attributable to their respective Units on any issue as to which the Voting Delegate representing their Unit would be entitled to vote under the Governing Documents.
(b) Notice of Vote. Not later than the tenth ( $\left.10^{\text {th }}\right)$ day or earlier than the sixtieth $\left(60^{\text {th }}\right)$ day before the date of any election or vote, the Association shall give written notice of the election or vote to:
(i) each Owner, in the case of any election or vote on which all Owners or Voting Delegates are entitled to vote; or
(ii) each Owner of a Unit within a Neighborhood, for purposes of electing of a Voting Delegate or alternative Voting Delegate to represent that Neighborhood.
(c) Method of Voting. A membership vote on any matter shall be conducted by written ballot signed by the Member or Voting Delegate entitled to vote, unless the vote is to be conducted by secret ballot and the Association has adopted procedures to reasonably ensure that (i) the Member or Voring Delegate cannot cast more votes than he or she is eligible to cast; and (ii) the Association counts every vote cast by those Members or Voting Delegates eligible to cast votes. Ballots on any matter may be cast in person at
a meeting, by mail or electronic transmission (including facsimile transmission, electronic mail, or by means of an Internet website), or by any combination of those methods; provided, any ballot submitted electronically must be submitted in a manner that permits confirmation of the identity of the Member casting the vote and allows the Member to receive a receipt evidencing the transmission and receipt of the ballot.

A ballot to be submitted by mail or electronic transmission (an "Absentee Ballot") shall:
(i) describe each proposed action and providing an opportunity to vote for or against each proposed action; and
(ii) include the following language or such other language as may be authorized in licu of the following language by future amendment of Texas Property Code Chapter 209:

By casting your vote via absentee ballot you will forego the opportunity to consider and vote on any action from the floor on these proposals, if a meeting is held. This means that if there are amendments to these proposals your vote(s) will not be counted on the final vote on these measures. If you desire to retain this ability, please attend any meeting in person. You may submit an absentee ballot and later choose to artend any meeting in person, in which case any in-person vote will prevail.

Any solicitation of votes to be cast by Absentee Ballot shall include instructions for delivery of the completed ballot, including the delivery location. If the Absentee Ballor is posted on an Internet website, a notice of posting shall be sent to each Member entitled to vote on the matter with instructions for obtaining access to the website and casting such ballot.
(d) Tabulation of Votes. A ballot cast at a meeting shall revoke and supersede any ballot casting the same vote submitted by other means. A ballot cast prior to a meeting (i) may be counted for the purpose of establishing a quorum only for items appearing on the ballot; (ii) may not be counted if the Member or Voting Delegate entitled to cast the ballot attends the meeting to vote in per-son; and (iii) may not be counted if the motion was amended at the meeting so as to deviate from the exact language on the ballot previously cast.

The person who tabulates votes on any matter shall not disclose to any other person how any particular votes were cast. No person who is a candidate for election or is the subject of any other Association vote, nor any person related to such person within the third degree of consanguinity or affinity, as determined under Texas Government Code Chapter 573, may tabulate ballots cast in any election or vote hereunder. No person other than a person designated to tabulate the votes shall be given access to the ballots cast other than as part of a recount process authorized by law.

Within 15 days after the date of any election, any Member may demand a recount of the votes in accordance with Texas Property Code $\$ 209.0057$.
(e) Election of Voting Delegates. The Owner Members, other than the Founder, owning Units within each Neighborhood shall elect a Voting Delegate to cast all votes attributable to their Units on all Association matters requiring a membership vote, except as otherwise specified in the Charter or these By-Laws. In addition, each Neighborhood shall elect an alternate Voting Delegate who shall be responsible for casting such votes in the absence of the Voting Delegate. The Founder shall be the Voting Delegate for all Units that the Founder owns.

The Board shall call for the first election of a Voting Delegate and alternate Voting Delegate from each Neighborhood then existing not later than the time that Owners other than the Founder or Builders own 300 Units within the Community and for each Neighborhood thereafter established not later than the first annual meeting after $51 \%$ of the Units in such Neighborhood are owned by Persons other than Builders. The first Voting Delegates elected shall serve until the close of the annual meeting following the first anniversary of their election. Thereafter, the Board shall call for an election of Voting Delegates and alternates on an annual basis to coincide with the annual meeting, with Voting Delegate's terms to commence upon the close of such annual meeting and expire upon the close of the next annual meeting following their election.

Voting Delegate elections shall be conducted by ballots cast by mail, computer, or at a meeting of the Owner Members within such Neighborhood, as the Board determines. Upon written petition signed by Owner Members holding at least $20 \%$ of the votes attributable to Units within any Neighborhood, the election for such Neighborhood shall be held at a meeting. Candidates for election as Voting Delegates may be nominated by the Board, a nominating committee the Board may appoint, or from the floor at any meeting at which such election is to be held. In addition or in the alternative, any person may submit his or her name for consideration.

The presence, in person or by proxy, or the filing of ballots of Owner Members representing at least $20 \%$ of the total votes attributable to Units in the Neighborhood shall constitute a quorum for any Neighborhood meeting or election. In the event of a failure to obtain a quorum or vacancy in such positions for any Neighborhood, the Board may appoint a Voting Delegate or alternate Voting Delegate to represent such Neighborhood until a successor is elected.

Subject to the above quorum requirement, in any election of Voting Delegates the candidate who rèceives the greatest number of votes shall be elected as the Voring Delegate and the candidate receiving the next greatest number of votes shall be elected as the alternate Voting Delegate. In the event of a tie vote among the leading candidates, the Voting Delegate shall be determined by drawing names from a hat, with the first person drawn being the Voting Delegate and the second being the alternate Voting Delegate. The Voting Delegate and the alternate Voting Delegate shall serve a term of one year or until their successors are elected, whichever is longer.
(f) Removal of Voting Delegates. Any Voting Delegate may be removed, with or without cause, upon the vote or written petition of Owner Members representing a majority of the total number of Units in the Neighborhood that the Voting Delegate represents.

### 2.9. Proxies.

Voting Delegates may not vote by proxy but only in person or through their designated alternates; however, any Voting Delegate who is entitled to cast only the vote(s) for his own Unit(s) pursuant to the Charter, these By-Laws, or Texas law may cast such vote(s) in person or by proxy. Likewise, if a Member is entitled personally to cast the vote for his or her Unit on any matter, he or she may vote in person or by proxy, subject to the limitations of Texas law and subject to any specific provision to the contrary in the Charter or these By-Laws. Every proxy shall be in writing, shall identify the Unit for which it is given, shall be signed by the Member or the Member's duly authorized attorney-in-fact, and shall be dated and filed with the Association's Secretary prior to the meeting for which it is to be effective. Unless the proxy specifically provides otherwise, a proxy shall be presumed to cover all votes which the Member giving such proxy is entitled to cast, and in the event of any conflict between two or more proxies purporting to cover the same
voting rights, the later dated proxy shall prevail, or if dated as of the same date, both shall be deemed invalid.

Every proxy shall be revocable and shall automatically cease (a) if the Member attends the meeting and votes in person, (b) upon conveyance of any Unit for which it was given, (c) upon the Secretary's receipt of written notice of revocation of the proxy or of the death or judicially declared incompetence of a Member who is a natural person, or (d) 11 months from the date of the proxy, unless a shorter period is specified in the proxy.

### 2.10. Quorum.

(a) Prior to the election of Voting Delegates, except as these By-Laws or the Charter otherwise provide(s), the presence of Members or their proxies entitled to cast at least $20 \%$ of the total votes in the Association shall constitute a quorum at any membership meeting, and the casting of ballots representing at least $20 \%$ of the total votes in the Association shall constiture a quorum for any membership vote conducted by means other than at a meeting; provided, if a quorum is not established at any meeting when initially called or for any membership vote when initially conducted, then the quorum for any subsequent attempt to convene such meeting or conduct such membership vote shall be reduced to $10 \%$. A ballot cast by mail or electronically may be counted for purposes of establishing a quorum only as to those action items appearing on the ballor.
(b) After the election of Voting Delegates, except as these By-Laws or the Charter otherwise provide(s), the presence of Voting Delegates or their alternates representing at least a majority of the total number of Voting Delegates and a majority of the toral votes in the Association shall constitute a quorum at all membership meetings, and the casting of ballots reptesenting a majority of the total votes in the Association shall constitute a quorum for any membership vote by Voting Delegates conducted by means other than at a meeting.

### 2.11. Conduct of Meetings.

The President or a Board-approved designee shall preside over all Association meetings. The Secretary shall ensure that minutes of the meetings are prepared, reflecting all resolutions adopted and all other rransactions occurring at such meetings. The minutes shall be kept with the Association's books and records.

### 2.12. Action Without a Meeting.

In accordance with the Certificate of Formation, any action that is required or that may be taken at a meeting of the Members or Voting Delegates may be taken without a meeting if:
(a) the Association mails or delivers to every Person entitled to vote on the action:
(i) an Absentee Ballot meeting the requirements of Section $2.8(\mathrm{~b})$, or
(ii) notice of the postring of such a ballot on an Internet website, with instructions for obtaining access to such website and casting the ballot; and
(b) the number of votes cast equals or exceeds the quorum required for a meeting to consider such action; and
(c) the number of votes cast in favor of the proposed action equals or exceeds the number of votes required to approve such action if the vote were conducted at a meeting.

Voting instructions or solicitations for any vore conducted in a manner other than at a meering must be delivered at least 20 days before the deadline for casting ballots and must indicate the deadline for casting the ballot in order to be counted. The period for submitting Absentee Ballots to the Association shall not be more than 60 days. Each Absentee Ballot cast must be signed and dated by the Voting Delegate or Member, as applicable; provided, electronic votes cast pursuant to Section 2.8 (b) shall constitute written and signed ballots and written and signed ballots shall not be required for candidates in uncontested elections. A signed Absentee Ballot may not be revoked once submitted to the Association, except as provided in Section 2.8(a). The Board shall notify the Members of the results of the vote within 30 days after the expiration of the voting period.

## Article 3 <br> Board of Directors: Selection, Meetings, Powers

## A. Composition and Selection.

### 3.1. Governing Body; Qualifications.

The Board shall govern the Association's affairs. Each director shall have one vote. Except with respect to directors appointed by the Founder Member, directors shall be Owners or residents. However, no Owner and resident representing the same Unit may serve on the Board at the same time. A "resident" shall be any natural person 18 years of age or older whose principal residence is a Unit within Waterscape.

If an Owner is not an individual, any officer, director, partner, or any trust officer of such Owner shall be eligible to serve as a director unless a written notice to the Association signed by the Owner specifies otherwise. However, no Owner may have more than one such representative on the Board at a time, except in the case of directors that the Founder Member appoints.

### 3.2. Number of Directors.

The Board shall consist of three to seven directors, as provided in Section 3.3.

### 3.3. Selection of Directors; Term of Office,

(a) Initial Board. The initial Board shall consist of the three directors identified in the Certificate of Formation, who shall serve until their successors are appointed or elected as provided in this section.
(b) Directors During Founder Control Period. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection (b) and in Section 3.5, the Founder Member may appoint, remove, and replace Board members until termination of the Founder Control Period. During such period, the Voting Delegates other than the Founder shall be entitled to elect a minority of the total number of directors according to the following schedule (directors elected by the Voting Delegates are referred to as "Owner Directors"):
(i) Not later than 60 days after the time that Owners other than the Founder, Founder Affiliates, or Builders own $40 \%$ of the maximum number of Units permitted by applicable zoning for the property specifically described on Exhibits A and B to the Charter or whenever the Founder earlier deter-
mines, the President shall call for an election by which the Voting Delegates other than the Founder shall be entitled to elect one of the three directors. The remaining directors shall be appointees of the Founder. The Owner Director shall be elected for a term of two years or until the happening of the event described in subsection (b)(ii) below, whichever is shorter. If such Owner Director's term expires prior to the happening of the event described in subsection (b)(ii), a successor shall be elected for a like term.
(ii) Not later than 60 days after the time that Owners other than the Founder, Founder Affiliates, or Builders own $60 \%$ of the maximum number of Units permitted by applicable zoning for the property specifically described on Exhibits A and B to the Charter or whenever the Founder earlier determines, the Board shall be increased to five directors and the President shall call for an election by which the Voting Delegates other than the Founder shall be entitled to elect two of the five directors. The Founder shall appoint the remaining three directors. The Owner Directors shall be elected for a term of two years or until the happening of the event described in subsection (c) below, whichever is shorter. If such Owner Directors' terms expire prior to the happening of the event described in subsection (c) below, successors shall be elected for a like term.

Notwithstanding the above or the percentage of Units that may have been conveyed, Voting Delegates other than that Founder shall be entitled to elect at least one-third of the members of the Board no later than 10 years after the date of recording of the Charter.
(c) Directors After the Founder Control Period. Not later than termination of the Founder Control Period, the Board shall be increased to seven directors. The President shall call for an election by which the Voting Delegates shall be entitled to elect five of the seven directors. Three Owner Directors shall be elected to serve until the second annual meeting following their election and two Owner Directors shall be elected to serve until the third annual meeting following their election, as such Owner Directors determine among themselves. The Founder may continue to appoint one director to serve until the second annual meeting following such election and one director to serve until the third annual meeting following such election.

Thereafter, upon expiration of the term of office of each director appointed or elected pursuant to this subsection (c), the Voting Delegates (including the Founder in its capacity as the Voting Delegate for Units which it owns) shall be entitled to elect a successor to serve a term of two years. Owner Directors shall hold office until their respective successors have been elected. Directors may serve any number of consecutive terms.

The diagram below illustrates the concept of transition of control of the Board during and after the Founder Control Period.

| TRANSITION OF CONTROL OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Initial <br> Board | $40 \%$ of Max- <br> imum Units <br> Conveyed | $60 \%$ of Max- <br> imum Units <br> Conveyed | Termination <br> of Founder <br> Control <br> Period | $2^{\text {nd }}$ Annual <br> Meeting After <br> Election in 3.3(c) | $3^{\text {㗐 Annual }}$ <br> Meeting After <br> Election in 3.3(c) <br> Founder Owner |
| Owner | Owner | Owner | Owner |  |  |
| Founder | Founder | Owner | Owner | Owner | Owner |
| Founder | Founder | Founder | Owner | Owner | Owner |
|  |  | Founder | Owner | Owner | Owner |
|  |  | Founder | Owner | Owner | Owner |
|  |  |  | Founder | Owner | Owner |
|  |  |  | Founder | Founder | Owner |

### 3.4. Nomination and Election Procedures.

(a) Nomination of Candidates. At least 30 days prior to any election of directors by the Voring Delegates, the Board may appoint a Nominating Committee consisting of a chairman, who shall be a Board member, and three or more Owners or representatives of Owners, who shall serve until the close of the election for which they were appointed. If a Nominating Committee is appointed: (i) the names of the Nominating Committee members shall be announced in the notice of the election; and (ii) the Nominating Committee shall meet and make as many nominations for election to the Board as it shall in its discretion determine, but at least a number equal to the number of positions to be filled by such election. In making its nominations, any Nominating Committee shall use reasonable efforts to nominate candidates representing the diversity that exists within the pool of porential candidates.

In addition to or in lieu of appointing a Nominating Commitree, the Board may (and if there are more than 100 Units in Waterscape, it shall) give notice to the Members soliciting candidares interested in running for any position on the Board to be filled by such election. Such notice shall be given at least 10 days prior to disseminating any ballots for purposes of voting in an election of directors and must contain instructions for an eligible candidate to notify the Association of the candidate's request to be placed on the ballot and the deadline to submit the candidate's request, which deadline may not be earlier than the 10th day after the date of such notice. The notice shall either be (i) mailed to each Member; or (ii) provided by email to each Member who has registered an e-mail address with the Association, and posted (A) in a conspicuous manner reasonably designed to provide notice to the Members, either on the Common Area or on other property within Waterscape, with the permission of the owner of such property, or (B) on an Internet website maintained by the Association or on other Internet media. The Association shall include on the ballot for such election the name of each eligible candidate from whom the Association received a request to be placed on the ballor in accordance with this section.

All candidates shall have a reasonable opportunity to communicate their qualifications to the Voting Delegates and to solicit votes.
(b) Election Procedures. At each election, voting shall be by ballot, which may be cast in any manner authorized by the Board consistent with Section 2.8. Each Voting Delegate entitled to vote in such election under Section 3.3 may cast all vores assigned to the Units it represents for each position to be filled
by such election. Cumulative voting shall not be permitted. Notwithstanding this, if the number of candidates equals the number of positions to be filled and there ate no nominations from the floor, any Voting Delegate may move to accept the slate of candidates nominated by the Nominating Committee, and, if approved, no balloting shall be required. Otherwise, the candidate(s) receiving the most votes shall be elected.

In the event of a tie vote, the Voting Delegates shall be informed of the tie vote and given the opportunity to discuss the candidates among themselves in an effort to resolve the tie before another vote is taken. If the second vote again results in a tie, then the Board shall call for election of the director(s) by the Members. Such election shall be held by mail, with ballots to be sent by first class mail to each Member entitled to vote within 10 days after the meeting at which the original election was held.

### 3.5. Removal of Directors and Vacancies.

Any Owner Director may be removed, with or without cause, by the vote of Voting Delegates holding a majority of the vores entitled to be cast for the election of such director. Any director whose removal is sought shall be given notice prior to any meeting called for that purpose. Upon removal of a director by the Voting Delegates, the Voting Delegates shall elect a successor for the remainder of the term of such director.

If the Board is presented with written, documented evidence from a database or other record maintained by a governmental law enforcement authority that a director was convicted of a felony or crime involving moral turpitude not more than 20 years before the date the Board is presented with such evidence, the director shall be automatically considered removed from the Board and ineligible for future service on the Board.

In the event of the death, disability, removal or resignation of an Owner Director, the Board may declare a vacancy and appoint a successor to fill the vacancy until the next annual meeting, at which time the Voring Delegates shall elect a successor for the remainder of the term.

The Founder shall have no unilateral right to remove or replace Owner Directors, and neither the Voting Delegates nor the Board shall have any right to remove or replace directors that the Founder appoints. The Founder may appoint a successor to fill any vacancy on the Board resulting from the death, disability, or resignation of a director appointed by the Founder.

## B. Meetings.

### 3.6. Organizational Meetings.

The Board shall hold an organizational meeting within 10 days following each annual meeting of the membership, at such time and place (subject to Section 3.10) as the Board shall fix.

### 3.7. Regular Meetings.

The Board shall hold regular meetings at such time and place (subject to Section 3.10 ) as a majority of the directors shall determine, but the Board shall meet at least four times during each fiscal year with at least one meeting per quarter.

### 3.8. Special Meetings.

The President, Vice President, or any two directors may call a special meeting of the Board.

### 3.9. Notice; Waiver of Notice.

(a) Notices of Board meetings shall specify the date and time of the meeting and, unless the meeting is being held solely by use of a conference telephone or other remote communications system in accordance with Section 3.10 , the location of the meeting. Notice of any meeting which is conducted or which may be attended by conference telephone or other remote communications system in accordance with Section 3.10 shall specify the form of communications system to be used for the meeting and the means of accessing the communications system.
(b) The Board shall notify each director of Board meetings by: (i) personal delivery; (ii) first class mail, postage prepaid; (iii) telephone communication, either directly to the director or to a person at the director's office or home who would reasonably be expected to communicate such notice promptly to the director; or (iv) facsimile, electronic mail, or other electronic communication device, with confirmation of transmission. All such notices shall be given at or sent to the director's telephone number, fax number, electronic mail address, or sent to the director's address as shown on the Association's records. Notices sent by first class mail shall be deposited into a United States mailbox at least five business days before the day of the meeting. Notices sent by personal delivery, telephone, or electronic communication shall be delivered at least 72 hours before the time set for the meeting. No notice shall be required for regular meetings conducted in accordance with a published schedule, provided notice of the schedule was delivered to each director in accordance with this subsection (b).
(c) Except as provided in Sections 3.14 and 3.15 , Members shall be given notice of all Board meetings, setting forth the date, hour, place, and general subject of the meeting, including a general description of any matter to be brought up for deliberation in executive session. The notice shall be:
(i) mailed to each Member not later than the 10 th day or earlier than the 60 th day before the date of the meeting; or
(ii) provided at least 72 hours before the start of the meeting by e-mail to each Member who has registered an e-mail address with the Association; and
(iii) posted either:
(A) in a conspicuous manner reasonably designed to provide notice to the Members, either on the Common Area or on other property within the Community, with the permission of the owner of such property; or
(B) on any Internet website maintained by the Association or other Internet media.

Each Member is responsible for registering their email address with the Association for purposes of receiving notices under subsection (c)(ii) and notifying the Association in writing of any change in such email address. If the Board recesses a Board meeting until the following regular business day, the Board is not required to post notice of the continued meeting if the recess is taken in good faith and not to circumvent the requirements of this Article 3, Part B. If a Board meeting is continued to the following regular business day, and on that following day the Board continues the meeting to another day, the Board shall give notice of the continuation in at least one manner prescribed by subsection (c)(ii)(A) or (B) above within two hours after adjournment of the meeting being continued.
(d) Transactions of any Board meeting, however called and noticed or wherever held, shall be as valid as though taken at a meeting duly held after regular call and notice if (i) a quorum is present, and (ii) either before or after the meeting each director not present signs a written waiver of notice, a consent to holding the meeting, or an approval of the minutes. The waiver of notice or consent need not specify the purpose of the meeting. Notice of a meeting also shall be deemed given to any director who attends the meeting without protesting before or at its commencement about the lack of adequate notice.

### 3.10. Place of Meetings; Participation by Telephonic or Electronic Means.

(a) All Board meetings shall be held within Rockwall County or an adjacent county, except for meetings held by telephonic or other communication system pursuant to this Section 3.10.
(b) A meeting of the Board, or of any committee the Board appoints, may be held using a conference telephone or similar communications equipment, or another suitable electronic communications system, including videoconferencing technology or the lnternet, or any combination, provided that:
(i) all Board or committee members, as applicable, entitled to participate in the meeting consent to the meeting being held by means of that system;
(ii) the electronic or telephonic system used allows each director or committee member, as applicable, to communicate concurrently with every other director or committee member;
(iii) except for any portion of the meeting conducted in executive session as described in Section 3.13, all Members in attendance may hear all directors or committee members;
(iv) Members are allowed to listen using any electronic or telephonic communication method used or expected to be used by any director or committee member; and
(v) notice of the meeting includes instructions for accessing the meeting using any such communication method.

Participation in a meeting pursuant to this section shall constitute presence at such meeting, unless the patticipation is for the express purpose of objecting to the transaction of business ar the meeting on the ground that the meeting has not been lawfully called or convened.

### 3.11. Quorum of Board; Voting.

(a) At all Board meetings, a majority of the directors shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, and the votes of a majority of the directors present at a meeting at which a quorum is present shall constitute the Board's decision, unless Texas law, these By-Laws, or the Charter specifically provide otherwise. A meeting at which a quorum is initially present may continue to transact business, notwithstanding the departure of directors, if at least a majority of the required quorum for that meeting approves any action taken.
(b) Board members may not vote by proxy. Voting may be conducted at a meeting or by written consents without a meeting in accordance with Section 3.14.

### 3.12. Conduct of Meetings.

The President or any designee the Board approves by resolution shall preside over all Board meetings. The Secretary shall ensure that written minutes of the meetings are kept and that all resolutions and all transactions occurring at such meetings are included in the Association's records.

### 3.13. Open Meetings; Executive Session.

(a) Subject to the provisions of Section 3.13(b) and Section 3.14, all Board meetings shall be open to attendance by all Members or their representatives, but only directors may participate in any discussion or deliberation unless a director requests that attendees be granted permission to speak. In such case, the President may limit the time any such individual may speak. The Board shall make agendas for its meetings reasonably available for examination by all Members or their representatives prior to the meeting.
(b) Notwithstanding the above, any Board meeting may be adjourned and reconvened in executive session, and attendance at such meeting restricted to directors and such other persons as the Board may specifically invite and announce during the open portion of the Board meeting, to discuss pending or threatened litigation, personnel matters, contract negotiations, enforcement actions, confidential communications with the Association's attorney, matters involving the invasion of privacy of Owners, or matters that are to remain confidential by tequest of the affected parties and agreement of the Board. Following an executive session, any decision made in the executive session must be summatized orally and placed in the minutes, in general terms, without breaching the privacy of any Owners, violating any privilege, or disclosing information that was to remain confidential at the request of the affected parties. The oral summary must include a general explanation of expenditures approved in executive session.

### 3.14. Action Without a Formal Meeting.

(a) Except as provided in subsection (b), the Board may take action outside of a meeting, by written consent to such action in the manner authorized in the Certificate of Formation, or by voting by electronic or telephonic means, without prior notice to the Members, if each Board member is given a reasonable opportunity to express his or her opinion to all other board members and to vote or execute a consent to such action. Except as provided in Section 3.15, any action taken without notice to Members under Section 3.9 must be summarized orally at, and documented in the minutes of, the next Board meeting, including an explanation of any known actual or estimated expenditures approved at the meeting.
(b) Except as provided in Section 3.15, the Board may not consider or vote on any of the following matters except in an open meering for which prior notice was given to the Members pursuant to Section 3.9: fines; damage assessments; initiation of foreclosure actions; initiation of enforcement actions (other than temporary restraining orders or violations involving a threat to health or safery); increases in assessments; levying of special assessments; suspension of a right of a particular Member before the Member has an opportunity to attend a Board meeting to present the Member's position, including any defense, on the issue; lending or borrowing money; the adoption or amendment of any of the Governing Documents which the Board is authorized to adopt or amend; the approval of an annual budget or the approval of an amendment of an annual budget that increases the budget by more than 10 per-cent; the sale or purchase of real property; the filling of a vacancy on the Board; the construction of capital improvements other than the repair, replacement, or enhancement of existing capital improvements; or the election of an officer.

### 3.15. Board Action During Development and Sale Period.

The requirements and limitations set forth in Sections 3.9(c), 3.10(a), 3.13, and 3.14 shall not apply to meetings of the Board conducted during the Founder Control Period unless conducted for the purpose of:
(a) adopting or amending the Governing Documents;
(b) increasing the amount of the Base Assessment or adopting or increasing a Special Assessment;
(c) electing Owner Directors or establishing or modifying the process for their election; or
(d) changing the voting rights of Members.

Nothing in this Section 3.15 shall be construed to authorize the Board to take action on any matter listed in clauses (i) through (iv) in contravention of the approval that would otherwise be required under the Governing Documents or Texas law.

## C. Powers and Duties.

### 3.16. Powers.

The Board shall have the power to administer the Association's affairs, perform the Association's responsibilities, and exercise the Association's rights as set forth in the Governing Documents and as provided by law. The Board may do, or cause to be done on the Association's behalf, all acts and things except those which the Governing Documents or Texas law require(s) to be done and exercised exclusively by the Owners, Voting Delegates, or the membership generally.

### 3.17. Duties.

The Board's duties shall include, without limitation:
(a) preparing and adopting, in accordance with the Charter, an annual budget establishing each Owner's share of the Common Expenses and any Service Area Expenses;
(b) levying and collecting assessments from the Owners;
(c) providing for the operation, care, upkeep, and maintenance of the Area of Common Responsibility consistent with the Community-W/ide Standard;
(d) designating, hiring, and dismissing personnel necessary to carry out the Association's rights and responsibilities and, where appropriate, providing for compensation of such personnel and for the purchase of equipment, supplies, and materials to be used by such personnel in the performance of their duties;
(e) opening bank accounts on the Association's behalf and designating the signatories required;
(f) depositing all funds received on the Association's behalf in a bank depository which it shall approve and using such funds to operate the Association; however, in the Board's business judgment any reserve funds may be deposited in depositories other than banks;
(g) making or contracting for the making of repairs, additions, and improvements to or alterations of the Common Area in accordance with the Governing Documents;
(h) determining when action to enforce the Governing Documents is appropriate and the nature of any sanctions to be imposed, and bringing any proceedings which may be instituted on behalf of or against the Owners concerning the Association; however, the Association's obligation in this regard shall be conditioned in the manner provided in the Charter and Section 3.18 below;
(i) obtaining and carrying property and liability insurance and fidelity bonds, as provided in the Charter, paying the cost thereof, and filing and adjusting claims, as appropriate;
(j) paying the cost of all services rendered to the Association;
(k) keeping a detailed accounting of the Association's receipts and expenditures;
(I) making available to any prospective purchaser of a Unit, any Owner, and the holders, insurers, and guarantors of any Mortgage on any Unit, current copies of the Governing Documents and all other books, records, and financial statements of the Association as provided in Section 10.4; and
(m) indemnifying a director, officer or committee member, or former director, officer or committee member of the Association to the extent such indemnity is required by Texas law, the Certificate of Formation, or these By-Laws.

## Article 4 Transition from Founder to Owner Control

### 4.1. Transition Process.

Transition is a process by which control of the Board gradually shifts from the Founder to the Owners, as described in Section 3.3. The process concludes upon termination of the Founder Control Pe riod, when the Voting Delegates will elect a majority of the members of the Board. At that time, the Owners, through their newlyelected Board, will take responsibility for fulfilling the Association's responsibilities and exercising the Association's authority under the Governing Documents.

### 4.2. Education and Communication.

In anticipation of termination of the Founder Control Period, the Founder Member shall communicate with the Owners regarding the transition process, the anticipated timeline for transition, what to expect duting and after the transition, and opportunities for Owner participation. Such communication may be in writing and/or through one or more "town hall" meetings at which Owners have the opportunity to ask and obtain answers to questions in order to gain a better understanding of the transition process.

### 4.3. Transition Committee.

The Founder Member may, but shall not be required to, establish a Transition Committee comprised of five to seven members, all of whom shall be Owners, to (i) involve the Owners in facilitating a smooth transition of control of the Board from directors appointed by the Founder Member to directors elected by the Voting Delegates, and (ii) help prepare the Board and the Owners to assume responsibility for carrying on Association opetations once the Founder and its representatives are no longer directly involved.

If a Transition Committee is appointed, the Board may, as a Common Expense, retain industry professionals, including association managers, attorneys, engineers, and accountants, as it deems necessary or appropriate to assist the Board in preparing for transition and to assist the Transition Committee in conducting its review.

## Article 5 Officers

### 5.1. Officers.

The Association's officers shall be a President, Secretary, and Treasurer. The President and Secretary shall be elected from among the Board members; other officers may, but need not, be Board members. The Board may appoint such other officers, including one or more Vice-Presidents, Assistant Secretaries and Assistant Treasurers, as it shall deem desirable, such officers to have such authority and perform such duties as the Board prescribes. Any two or more offices may be held by the same person, except the offices of President and Secretary.

### 5.2. Election and Term of Office.

The Board shall elect the Association's officers ar the first Board meeting following each annual meeting of the membership, to serve until their successors are elected.

### 5.3. Removal and Vacancies.

The Board may remove any officer whenever in its judgment the Association's best interests will be served, and may fill any vacancy in any office arising because of death, resignation, removal, or otherwise, for the unexpired portion of the term.

### 5.4. Powers and Duties.

The Association's officers shall have such powers and duties as generally pertain to their respective offices, as well as such powers and duties as the Board may specifically confer or impose. The President shall be the Association's chief executive officer. The Treasurer shall have primary responsibility for preparing the Association's budgets as provided for in the Charter, and may delegate all or part of the preparation and notification duties to a finance committee, management agent, or both.

### 5.5. Resignation.

Any officer may resign at any time by giving written notice to the Board, the President, or the Secretary. Such resignation shall take effect on the date of the receipt of such notice or at a later time specified
therein. Unless the resignation specifies, acceptance of such resignation shall not be necessary to make it effective.

## Article 6 <br> Committees

### 6.1. General.

In addition to any Transition Commitree appointed pursuant to Article 4 and such committees as the Founder or Board may appoint pursuant to the Charter, the Board may appoint such other committees as it deems appropriate to perform such tasks and to serve for such periods as the Board may designate by resolution. Each committee shall operate in accordance with the terms of such resolution.

### 6.2. Covenants Committee.

In addition to any other committees that the Board may establish pursuant to Section 6.1, the Board may appoint a Covenants Commitree consisting of at least three and no more than seven Owners. Acting in accordance with the provisions of the Charter, these By-Laws, and resolutions the Board may adopt, the Covenants Committee, if established, shall be the hearing tribunal of the Association and shall conduct all hearings held pursuant to Article 9 of these By-Laws. The Covenants Committee shall have no responsibility for seeking out violations of the Governing Documents.

### 6.3. Service Area Committees.

The Owners within any Service Area which has no formal organizational strucrure or association may elect a Service Area Committee to determine the narure and extent of services, if any, which it desires to have the Association provide to the Service Area, over and above those services which the Association provides to all Units in the Community. A Service Area Committee, if elected, shall consist of three Owners of Units in the Service Area; however, if approved by the vote of at least $51 \%$ of the Owners of Units within the Service Area, the number may be increased to five.

Elections of Service Area Committees may be held by written ballot sent to all Owners of Units within the Service Area, or at a meeting of the Owners of Units within the Service Area, as the Board determines. The Board or any Owner of a Unit in the Service Area may nominate candidates for election to the Service Area Committee. That number of candidates equal to the number of positions to be filled receiving the most votes shall be elected. Service Area Committee members shall be elected for a term of one year or until their successors are elected. Any director elected to the Board from a Service Area shall be an ex officio member of the Service Area Committee. The members of the committee shall elect a chairperson from among themselves, who shall preside at its meetings and shall be responsible for transmitting any and all communications to the Board.

In the conduct of its duties and responsibilities, each Service Area Committee shall abide by the notice and quorum requirements applicable to the Board under Sections 3.9, 3.10, and 3.11. Meetings of a Service Area Committee shall be open to all Owners of Units in the Service Area and their representatives. Members of a Service Area Committee may act by unanimous written consent in lieu of a meeting.

### 6.4. Lifestyle Committee.

In addition to such other committees as the Board may establish pursuant to this Article, the Board may appoint or allow the Voting Delegates to elect a Lifestyle Committee to make recommendations to the Board regarding the use of Lifestyle Fees collected pursuant to the Charter, consistent with the purposes for such fees set forth in the Charter. Any such committee shall be composed of that number of persons determined by Board resolution, who shall be selected and serve for such rerms as set forth in the Board resolution establishing such committee.

## Article 7 <br> Standards of Conduct; Liability, and Indemnification

### 7.1. Standards for Directors and Officers.

The Board shall exercise its powers in a reasonable, fair, nondiscriminatory manner and shall adhere to the procedures established in the Governing Documents.

Directors and officers shall discharge their duties as directors or officers, and as members of any committee to which they are appointed, in a manner that the director or officer believes in good faith to be in the best interest of the corporation and with the care that an ordinarily prudent person in a like position would exercise under similar circumstances. A director is entitled to rely on information, opinions, reports, or statements, including financial statements and other financial data, prepared or presented by others to the extent authorized under Texas law,

### 7.2. Liability.

In performing their duties, directors and officers shall be insulated from liability as provided for directors of corporations under Texas law and as otherwise provided by the Governing Documents. The Association's officers, directors, and committee members shall not be liable for any mistake of judgment, negligent or orherwise, or for any action taken or omitted in such capacities, except for their own individual willful misfeasance, malfeasance, misconduct, or bad faith. The officers and directors shall have no personal liability with respect to any contract or other commitment made or action taken in good faith on the Association's behalf (except to the extent that such officers or directors may also be Members).

### 7.3. Indemnification.

Subject to the limitations of Texas law, the Association shall indemnify every present and former officer, director, and committee member against all damages and expenses, including counsel fees and expenses, reasonably incurred in connection with any action, suit, or other proceeding (including settlement of any suit or proceeding, if approved by the then Board) to which he or she may be a party by reason of being or having been an officer, director, or committee member, except that the Association shall have no obligation to indemnify any individual against liability or expenses incurred in connection with a proceeding:
(a) brought by or in the right of the Association, although it may reimburse the individual for reasonable expenses incurred in connection with the proceeding if it is determined, by the court or in the manner provided above, that the individual met the relevant standard of conduct under Texas law; or
(b) to the extent that the individual is adjudged liable for conduct that constitutes:
(i) appropriation, in violation of his or her duties, of any business opportunity of the Association; or
(ii) intentional misconduct or knowing violation of the law; or
(iii) an unlawful distribution to members, directors or officers; or
(iv) receipt of an improper personal benefit.

This right to indemnification shall not be exclusive of any other rights to which any present or former of ficer, director, or committee member may be entitled. The Association shall, as a Common Expense, maintain adequate general liability and officers' and directors' liability insurance to fund this obligation, if such insurance is reasonably available.

### 7.4. Advancement of Expenses.

In accordance with the procedures and subject to the conditions and limitations set forth in Texas law, the Board may authorize the Association to advance funds to pay for or reimburse the reasonable expenses incurred by a present or former officer, director or committee member in any proceeding to which he or she may be a party by reason of being or having been an officer, director, or committee member of the Association.

### 7.5. Conflicts of Interest.

(a) A director shall promptly disclose to the Board any actual or potential conflict of interest affecting the director relative to his or her performance as a director. Notwithstanding this, the fact that a director appointed by the Founder may be employed by or otherwise transact business with the Founder or a Founder Affiliate, and that the Founder may transact business with the Association or its contractors, shall not require disclosure as a potential conflict of interest hereunder.
(b) The Association shall not enter into a contract with a current Board member, a person related to a current Board member within the third degree by consanguinity or affinity, as determined under Chapter 573, Texas Government Code (a "Board Relative"), a company in which a current Board member has a financial interest in at least $51 \%$ of profits, or a company in which a Board Relative has a financial interest in at least $51 \%$ of profits, unless all of the following conditions are satisfied:
(i) the Board member, Board Relative, or company bids on the proposed contract and the Association has received at least two other bids for the contract from persons not associated with the Board member, Board Relative, or company, if reasonably available in the community;
(ii) the Board member is not given access to the other bids, does not participate in any Board discussion regarding the contract, and does not vote on the award of the contract;
(iii) the material facts regarding the relationship or interest with respect to the proposed contract are disclosed to or known by the Board and the Board, in good faith and with or-
dinary care, authorizes the contract by an affirmative vote of a majority of the directors who do not have an interest governed by this Section; and
(iv) the Board certifies that the other requirements of this Section 7.5 have been satisfied by a resolution approved by an affirmative vote of the majority of the Board members who do not have an interest governed by this Section.
(c) Except as provided in subsections (c) and (d), no director may transact business with the Association or any Association contractor within two years after the director's term expires.
(d) This Section does not apply to any contract entered into by the Association during the Development and Sale Period with the Founder or any Founder Affiliate.

### 7.6. Board and Officer Training.

The Board may conduct or provide for seminars and continuing educational opportunities designed to educate and inform its officers and directors of their responsibilities as officers and directors. Such programs may include instruction on applicable Texas corporate and fiduciary law principles, other issues relating to administering community affairs, and upholding and enforcing the Governing Documents. The Board may retain industry professionals, which may include property managers, attorneys, and accountants, as appropriate or necessary for such purpose. Each newly elected officer and director shall be encouraged to complete a training seminar within the first six months of assuming such position. The seminar may be live, video or audiotape, or in other format. The cost of such seminar shall be a Common Expense.

The Board may also provide, or provide for, Owner and resident education designed to foster a better understanding of Waterscape's governance and operations, and leadership training classes designed to educate Voting Delegates and Owners as to the nomination, election, and voting processes and the duties and responsibilities of directors and officers.

The Board may apply for and maintain, as a Common Expense, membership for the Association, its officers and directors, in the Community Associations Institute or any similar nonprofit organization that provides educational opportunities for Association directors, officers and managers in operation and management of Associations.

## Article 8

## Management and Accounting

### 8.1. Compensation of Directors and Officers.

The Association shall not compensate directors and officers for acting as such unless Voting Delegates representing a majority of the total votes in the Association approve such compensation at an Association meeting. The Association may reimburse any director or officer for expenses he or she incurs on the Association's behalf upon approval of a majority of the other directors. Nothing herein shall prohibit the Association from compensating a director or officer, or any entity with which a director or officer is affiliated, for services or supplies he or she furnishes to the Association in a capacity other than as a director or officer pursuant to a contract or agreement with the Association. However, such director must make
known his or her interest to the Board prior to entering into such contract, and a majority of the Board, excluding any interested director, must approve such contract.

### 8.2. Right of Founder Member to Disapprove Actions.

So long as there is a Founder Membership, the Founder Member shall have a right to disapprove any action, policy, or program of the Association, the Board and any committee which, in the Founder Member's sole judgment, would tend to impair rights of the Founder or Builders under the Charter or these By-Laws, interfere with development or construction of any portion of Waterscape, or diminish the level of services the Association provides. The Board shall not implement any action, policy, or program subject to the right of disapproval set forth herein until and unless the requirements of this Section have been met.
(a) Notice. The Association shall give the Founder Member written notice of all meetings of the membership, the Board, and committees, and any actions proposed to be taken by any of them by written consent in lieu of a meeting. Such notice shall comply, as to Board meetings, with Section 3.9, and shall, except in the case of regular Board meetings pursuant to these By-Laws, set forth with reasonable particularity the agenda to be followed at such meeting,
(b) Opportunity to be Heard. At any such meeting, the Association shall give the Founder Member the opportunity to join in or to have its representatives or agents join in discussion from the floor of any prospective action, policy, or program which would be subject to the right of disapproval set forth herein. The Founder Member, its representatives, or its agents shall make its concerns, thoughts, and suggestions known to the Board and/or the members of the subject committee.

The Founder Member, acting through any officer or director, agent, or authorized representative, may exercise its right to disapprove at any time within 10 days following the meeting at which such action was proposed or, in the case of any action taken by written consent in lieu of a meeting, at any time within 10 days following receipt of written notice of the proposed action.

The Founder Member may use this right to disapprove to block proposed actions but shall not use it to require any action or counteraction of any committee, the Board, or the Association. The Founder Member shall not use its right to disapprove to reduce the level of services the Association is obligated to provide or to prevent capital repairs or any expenditure required to comply with applicable laws and regulations.

### 8.3. Managing Agent.

(a) The Board may employ for the Association professional management agents at such compensation as the Board may establish, to perform such duties and services as the Board shall authorize. The Board may delegate such powers as are necessary to perform the manager's assigned duties but shall not delegate policy-making authority or ultimate responsibility for those duties set forth in Section 3.17. The Board may employ the Founder or its affiliate as managing agent or manager.
(b) The Association shall record a management certificate as required by Texas Proper-ty Code Section 209.004.

The Board may delegate to one of its members the authority to act on its behalf on all matters relating to the duties of the managing agent or manager which might arise between Board meetings.

The Association shall not be bound, either directly or indirectly, by any management contract executed during the Founder Control Period unless such contract contains a right of termination which may be exercised by the Association, with or without cause and without penalty, at any time after termination of the Founder Control Period upon not more than 90 days' written notice.

The managing agent shall not accept remuneration from vendors, independent contractors, or others providing goods or services to the Association, whether in the form of commissions, finder's fees, service fees, prizes, gifts, or otherwise; any thing of value received shall benefit the Association. The managing agent shall promptly disclose to the Board any financial or other interest which it may have in any firm providing goods or services to the Association.

### 8.4. Accounts and Reports.

(a) The Board shall follow the following accounting standards unless the Board by resolution specifically determines otherwise:
(i) accounting and controls should conform to generally accepted accounting principles; and
(ii) the Association's cash accounts shall not be commingled with any other accounts.
(b) Commencing at the end of the quatter in which the first Unit is sold and closed, financial reports shall be prepared for the Association at least quarterly containing:
(i) an income statement reflecting all income and expense activity for the preceding period;
(ii) a statement reflecting all cash receipts and disbursements for the preceding period;
(iii) a variance report reflecting the status of all accounts in an "actual" versus "approved" budget format;
(iv) a balance sheet as of the last day of the preceding period; and
(v) a delinquency report listing all Owners who are delinquent in paying any assessments at the time of the report (any assessment or installment thereof shall be considered to be delinquent on the 15th day following the due date unless the Board specifies otherwise by resolution).
(c) An annual report consisting of at least the following shall be made available for Members' review within 180 days after the close of the fiscal year: (i) a balance sheet; (ii) an operating (income) statement; and (iii) a statement of changes in financial position for the fiscal year. Such annual report shall be prepared on an audited, reviewed, or compiled basis, as the Board determines.
(d) The Board shall report in writing to the Members any indemnification of or advancement of legal expenses to any officer, director, or committee member in accordance with Texas Business Organizations Code $\$ 8.152$, as it may be amended.

### 8.5. Borrowing.

The Association shall have the power to borrow money for any legal purpose. However, the Board shall obtain Voting Delegate approval in the same manner provided in the Charter for Special Assessments if the proposed borrowing is for the purpose of making discretionary capital improvements and the total amount of such borrowing, together with all other debt incurred within the previous 12 -month period, exceeds or would exceed $20 \%$ of the Association's budgeted gross expenses for that fiscal year,

### 8.6. Right to Contract.

The Association shall have the right to contract with any Person for the performance of various duties and functions, subject to the provisions of Section 7.5, if applicable. This right shall include, without limitation, the right to enter into common management, operational, or other agreements with condominium, cooperative, or other owners or tesidents associations, within and outside Waterscape.

### 8.7. Agreements, Contracts, Deeds, Leases, Checks, Etc.

All Association agreements, contracts, deeds, leases, checks, and other instruments shall be executed by at least two officers or by such other person or persons as the Board may designate by resolution.

## Article 9 <br> Enforcement Procedures

The Association shall have the power, as provided in the Charter, to impose sanctions for any violation of the Governing Documents. To the extent specifically required by the Charter or Texas law, the Board shall comply with the following procedures prior to imposition of sanctions:

### 9.1. Notice and Response,

The Board or its delegate shall serve the alleged violator and/or the responsible Owner, if the alleged violator is not an Owner, with written notice, by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the Owner's last known address as shown in the Association's records:
(a) describing the alleged violation or property damage which is the basis of the proposed sanction or amount due to the Association, as applicable;
(b) describing the proposed sanction to be imposed; and
(c) informing the alleged violator and/or Owner that:
(i) he or she has 30 days after receipt of the notice to present a written request for a hearing to the Board or the Covenants Committee, if one has been appointed pursuant to Article 6, and if the hearing is to be held before a Covenants Committee, that the alleged violator has the right to appeal the decision of the Covenants Committee to the Board;
(ii) he or she may have special rights or relief related to the enforcement action under federal law, including the Servicemembers Civil Relief Act ( 50 U.S.C. app. Section 501 et seq.), if serving on active military duty;
(iii) the Association may recover from the Owner reasonable attorneys' fees and other reasonable costs incurred by the Association in enforcing the Governing Documents after the date of the hearing pursuant to subsection (c)(i), or if no hearing is requested, after the deadline for requesting a hearing, including such fees and costs incurred in collecting amounts, including damages, due to the Association if not paid by a date specified in such notice, or in the case of a violation of a curable nature, the violation continues after a date specified in such notice; and
(d) if the alleged violation is of a curable nature and does not pose a threat to public health or safety, informing the alleged violator that he or she may avoid the proposed sanction by curing the violation within a teasonable cure period stated in the notice, except that the Association shall have no obligation to provide a cure period if the alleged violator has been given notice of a similar violation within the preceding six months. A violation is considered a threat to public health or safety if it could materially affect the physical health or safery of an ordinary resident. A violation is considered not to be of a curable nature if it has already occurred and is not a continuous action (for example, holding a garage sale or other event prohibited by the Charter or Rules which cannot be undone) or is not a condition capable of being remedied by affirmative action

The alleged violator shall respond to the notice of the alleged violation in writing within such 30 day period, regardless of whether the alleged violator intends to request a hearing or challenge the imposition of the proposed sanction, or the proposed sanction shall be imposed, except that no sanction shall be imposed if the alleged violator is entitled to an opportunity to cure the violation under subsection (d) above and cures the alleged violation within the time period provided. Such waiver shall not constitute a waiver of the right to sanction future violations of the same or other provisions and rules by any Person.

Prior to the effectiveness of sanctions imposed pursuant to this Article, proof of proper notice shall be placed in the minutes of the Board or Covenants Committee, as applicable. Such proof shall be deemed adequate if a copy of the notice, together with a statement of the date and manner of delivery, is entered by the officer, director, or agent who delivered such notice. The notice requirement shall be deemed satisfied if the alleged violator or its representative requests and appears at the hearing.

### 9.2. Hearing.

If a hearing is requested within the allotted 30 -day period, the hearing shall be held before the Covenants Committee, or if one has not been appointed, then before the Board in executive session within 30 days after receipt of the alleged violator's request. Either the Board or the alleged violator may request a postponement of up to 10 days, and such postponement shall be granted. Additional postponements may be granted upon agreement of both the Association and the alleged violator. The Board shall notify the alleged violator at least 10 days prior to the hearing of the time, date, and place of the hearing. At the hearing, the alleged violator shall be afforded a reasonable opportunity to be heard and shall be entitled to make an audio recording of the hearing. If the alleged violator fails to appear, the hearing may be held in his or her absence. The minutes of the meetings of the Board or Covenants Committee, as applicable, shall contain a written statement of the results of the hearing (i.e., the Board's or Committee's decision) and the sanction, if any, to be imposed. Written notice of the decision shall be mailed to the violator within three business days after the hearing.

If a timely request for a hearing is not made, the sanction stated in the notice shall be imposed unless the violation is cured within the cure period stated in the notice.

### 9.3. Appeal.

Following a hearing before the Covenants Committee, the violator shall liave the right to appeal the decision to the Board. To exercise this right, the violator must deliver a written notice of appeal to the Association's manager, President, or Secretary within 10 days after the hearing date.

## Article 10 Miscellaneous

### 10.1. Fiscal Year.

The Association's fiscal year shall be the calendar year unless the Board establishes a different fiscal year by resolution.

### 10.2. Parliamentary Rules.

Except as may be modified by Board resolution, Robert's Rules of Order (current edition) shall govern the conduct of Association proceedings when not in conflict with Texas law or the Governing Documents.

### 10.3. Conflicts.

If there are conflicts among the provisions of Texas law, the Certificate of Formation, the Charter, and these By-Laws, the provisions of Texas law, the Charter, the Certificate of Formation, and these ByLaws (in that order) shall prevail.

### 10.4. Books and Records.

(a) Document Retention. The Board shall be responsible for compliance with the following document retention policy relating to the Association's books and records:
(i) the Certificate of Formation, By-Laws, Charter, Supplements, and all amendments thereto shall be retained permanently;
(ii) financial books and records shall be retained for seven years;
(iii) account records of current owners shall be retained for five years;
(iv) contracts with a term of one year or more shall be retained for four years after the expitation of the contract term;
(v) minutes of meetings of the owners and the board shall be retained for seven years; and
(vi) tax rerurns and audit records shall be retained for seven years.
(b) Turnover of Books and Records. Within 60 days after termination of the Founder Control Period, the Founder shall deliver to the Association all property, books and records of the Association in the Founder's possession.
(c) Inspection by Members and Mortgagees. The Board shall make available for inspection and copying by any holder, insurer or guarantor of a first Mortgage on a Unit, any Member, or the duly appointed representative of any of the foregoing at any reasonable time and for a purpose reasonably related to his or her interest in a Unit: the Governing Documents, the membership register, books of account, the minutes of meetings of the Members, the Board, and committees, and other records of the Association, to the extent required by Texas Property Code $\$ 209.005$ or other provisions of Texas law. The Board shall provide for such inspection to take place at the Association's office or at such other place within Waterscape as the Board shall designate. The Association shall not be required to make available for inspection or copying any records that identify:
(i) a particular Owner's violation history, personal financial information, history of payments or delinquencies in paying amounts due to the Association, or contact information other than address; or
(ii) information related to an Association employee, including personnel files;
unless the Owner or employee whose records would be disclosed has given his or her prior written approval to release such information or a court orders such records to be released or made available to the requesting Owner or his or her representative.
(d) Rules for Inspection. An Owner or the Owner's authorized representative must submit to the Association a written request for access to inspect or copies of books and records under subsection (b), identifying the specific books and records or information desired. Such request shall be mailed by certified mail to the Association's mailing address or that of its authorized representative as reflected on the most current management certificate filed under Texas Propetty Code $\$ 209.004$. The request must contain an election either to inspect the books and records before obtaining copies or to have the Association forward copies of the requested books and records and:
(i) if an inspection is requested, then on or before the 10th business day after the date the Association receives the request, the Association shall send written notice to the Owner of dates during normal business hours that the Owner or its authorized representative may inspect the requested books and records, to the extent those books and records are in the possession, custody, or control of the Association; or
(ii) if copies of identified books and records are requested, then the Association shall produce the requested books and records, to the extent required under subsection (c) and in the possession, custody, or control of the Association, on or before the 10th business day after the date the Association receives the request, except as otherwise provided by Texas Property Code $\$ 209.005$.

The Board shall establish a records production and copying policy that prescribes the charges to be paid by the Owner for compilation, production, and reproduction of information requested by such Ownet or its authorized representative under this Section, which charges may include all reasonable costs of materials, labor, and overhead, but may not exceed costs that would be applicable for an item under 1 T.A.C. Section 70.3 ("Authorized Charges"). No charge shall be made pursuant to such policy until the policy has been recorded as required by Texas Property Code $\$ 209.005$ and $\$ 202.006$. The Association may require advance payment of the estimated costs of compilation, production, and reproduction of the requested information. If the Authorized Charges vary from the estimate, the Association shall submit a final invoice to the Owner on or before the 30th business day after the date the information is delivered reflecting the variance and any balance or refund due. Any balance due which is not reimbursed to the Association before
the 30th business day after the date the invoice is sent to the Owner may be added to the Owner's account as an assessment. Any amount paid in excess of Authorized Charges shall be refunded to the Owner not later than the 30 th business day after the date the invoice is sent to the Owner.
(d) Inspection by Directors. Every director shall have the absolute right at any reasonable time to inspect all Association books, records, and documents and the physical properties owned or controlled by the Association. A director's right of inspection includes the right to make a copy of relevant documents at the Association's expense.

### 10.5. Notices.

(a) Form of Notice and Method of Delivery. Except as otherwise provided in the Charter or these By-Laws or by Texas law, all notices, demands, bills, statements, or other communications to be given under the Charter or these By-Laws shall be in writing and may be delivered in person, by United States mail, by private carrier, or if the intended recipient has provided a telephone facsimile number or an email address for use by the Association, by facsimile or electronic mail with written confirmation of transmission. It is the responsibility of each Member to give notice to the Association of any change in the Member's address, facsimile number, or email address. Where the Governing Documents or applicable law require notice to an Owner or Member, notice given to any co-Owner of a Unit shall be deemed notice to all co-Owners of such Unit.
(b) Delivery Address. Notices shall be delivered or sent to the intended recipient as follows:
(i) if to a Member or Voting Delegate, at the mailing address, telephone facsimile number, or e-mail address which the Member or Voting Delegate has designated by notice to the Secretary in accordance with this Section 10.5 or, if no such address or number has been designated, at the address of the Unit of such Member or Voting Delegate;
(ii) if to the Association, the Board, or a committee of either, at the mailing address, facsimile number, or e-mail address of the principal office of the Association or its managing agent, or at such other address as the Association has designated by notice to the Members in accordance with this Section 10.5; or
(iii) if to the Founder, at the Founder's principal address as it appears on the Secretary of State's records, or at such other address as the Founder has designated by notice to the Association in accordance with this Section 10.5.
(c) Effective Date. Notice sent in accordance with subsections (a) and (b) shall be deemed to have been duly given and effective:
(i) if sent by United States mail, when deposited with the U. S. Postal Service, correctly addressed, with first class or higher priority postage prepaid;
(ii) if delivered personally or by private carrier, when actually delivered to the address of the intended recipient, as evidenced by the signature of the person at such address who accepts such delivery; or
(iii) if sent by telephone facsimile or electronic mail, upon transmission, as evidenced by a printed confirmation of transmission.

### 10.6. Amendment.

Until termination of the Founder Control Period, the Board of Directors may amend these ByLaws for any purpose by a majority vote of the total number of directors. Thereafter, these By-Laws may be amended only by the affirmative vote or written consent, or any combination thereof, of Voting Delegates representing at least a majority of the total votes in the Association, and the consent of the Founder Member, if such exists. Notwithstanding the above, no amendment to these By-Laws may conflict with the Chatter and the percentage of votes necessary to amend a specific clause shall not be less than the prescribed percentage of affirmative votes required for action to be taken undet that clause. Any amendment shall be prepared and signed by the President or Vice President and by the Secretary or Treasurer of the Association certifying that the requisite approval was obtained.
(c) Amendments to these By-Laws shall become effective upon recordation unless a later effective date is specified therein. Any procedural challenge to an amendment must be made within one year of its recordation, or such amendment shall be presumed to have been validly adopted. In no event shall a change of conditions or circumstances operate to amend any provisions of these By-Laws.

No amendment may remove, tevoke, or modify any right or privilege of Founder or the Founder Member without the written consent of Founder, the Founder Member, or the assignee of such right or privilege.

## Certification

1, the undersigned, do hereby certify:
That I am the duly elected and acting Secretary of Waterscape Homeowners Association, Inc., a Texas nonprofit corporation;


IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name and affixed the seal of said Assocation this $25^{\text {d }}$ day of $\operatorname{Cup} 1,2018$
[SEAL]


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